There has been little real change in recent years in the proportion of active civilian physicians who are engaged primarily in private practice; in 1954 it was 72.3 p.c., in 1959 an estimated 74.0 p.c. and in 1962 an estimated 73.4 p.c. The remainder were engaged in "other work" or were "interns, residents and fellows" In the 1959-62 period, however, a trend toward specialization was indicated by the rising proportion of specialists in private practice from 29.1 p.c. to 35.7 p.c. and of specialists in other work from 10.8 p.c. to 12.9 p.c. On the other hand, the proportion of physicians in general private practice dropped from 43.2 p.c. to 37.7 p.c. and of non-specialists in other work from 8.5 p.c. to 4.7 p.c. The increase from 8.3 p.c. to 9.0 p.c. in the proportion of physicians who were interns, residents and fellows is also indicative of increased specialization and the longer training period involved.

Earnings.—More than 98 p.c. of the earnings of privately practising physicians and surgeons in Canada were obtained from fees charged for individual items of professional service. As Table 18 shows, average gross earnings in 1964 from fees plus wages and salaries earned incidental to fee practice were \$30,409. This figure was 7 p.c. higher than in 1963 and 38 p.c. above the 1958 figure. The highest average gross earnings in 1964 were reported in Saskatchewan at \$36,484; in Ontario, Alberta and British Columbia they were above the national average. Average gross incomes in the remaining provinces ranged downward from \$27,922 in Manitoba to \$23,088 in Newfoundland. Generally, throughout the seven-year period 1958-64, highest average gross earnings have been most consistently reported in Ontario and the westernmost provinces.

The net returns to doctors, after deduction of the expenses of professional fee practice, reveal similar geographic patterns, as seen in Table 18. Net earnings for Canada as a whole averaged \$20,374 in 1964, 9.6 p.c. higher than in 1963 and 48 p.c. above the 1958 figure. The highest provincial average net income was reported by Saskatchewan doctors at \$23,879 followed by Ontario doctors at \$22,247. The lowest average net income was reported in Prince Edward Island.

Province	1958	1959 -	1960 •	1961 -	1962 *	1963 *	1964
	GROSS PROFESSIONAL INCOMES ¹						
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Newfoundland ² . Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia.	18,264 23,415 24,106	19,289 18,854 21,341 18,918 18,721 24,153 26,436 23,699 25,254 26,628	$\begin{array}{c} 21,741\\ 20,177\\ 22,802\\ 22,523\\ 19,656\\ 25,534\\ 24,751\\ 27,102\\ 28,032\\ 28,066 \end{array}$	20.945 20.001 23.242 24.220 22.118 27.206 27.897 27.103 29.221 27.867	19.379 19.676 23.302 23.978 23.418 27.779 27.774 23.238 31.187 27.498	21, 288 23, 413 23, 455 26, 376 25, 748 30, 641 27, 509 35, 657 30, 912 27, 670	23,088 23,157 25,739 27,802 26,813 33,201 27,922 36,484 32,690 30,510
Average for All Provinces,	22,014	27,811	24,174	25,733	26,180	28, 523	30,489
	NET PROFESSIONAL INCOMES ²						
	:	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Newfoundland ² Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba Saskatchewan. Alberta British Columbia.	14.012 10,237 12,862 12,409 11,136 14,993 13,566 14,527 14,815 15,488	13,970 11,427 14,820 12,372 11,795 15,605 14,800 15,096 15,941 16,953	15,961 12,589 16,074 15,535 12,870 16,754 15,338 15,955 17,754 17,600	15.120 13,119 16.070 16,288 14.454 17.682 15,148 15,843 17.925 17,067	14,753 15,448 15,925 16,418 15,173 18,306 15,998 14,619 18,612 17,284	15,653 15,777 15,839 17,701 16,696 20,492 17,320 21,625 19,111 17,464	16, 981 16, 478 17, 851 19, 255 18, 534 22, 247 17, 879 23, 879 21, 117 19, 560
Average for All Provinces	13,729	14,537	15,671	16.397	16,888	18,590	20,374

18.—Average Gross and Net Professional Incomes of Physicians and Surgeons, by Province, 1958-64

¹ Includes incidental wages and salaries. ² Includes the salaries of Cottage Hospital Medical Plan doctors. ³ Gross professional incomes less expenses of practice.